2020-DSE MATH CP PAPER 2

HONG KONG EXAMINATIONS AND ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY HONG KONG DIPLOMA OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION 2020

MATHEMATICS Compulsory Part PAPER 2

11:30 am - 12:45 pm (11/4 hours)

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Read carefully the instructions on the Answer Sheet. After the announcement of the start of the examination, you should first stick a barcode label and insert the information required in the spaces provided. No extra time will be given for sticking on the barcode label after the 'Time is up' announcement.
- When told to open this book, you should check that all the questions are there. Look for the words 'END OF PAPER' after the last question.
- All questions carry equal marks.
- 4. ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS. You are advised to use an HB pencil to mark all the answers on the Answer Sheet, so that wrong marks can be completely erased with a clean rubber. You must mark the answers clearly; otherwise you will lose marks if the answers cannot be captured.
- You should mark only ONE answer for each question. If you mark more than one answer, you will receive NO MARKS for that question.
- No marks will be deducted for wrong answers.

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Not to be taken away before the end of the examination session

There are 30 questions in Section A and 15 questions in Section B.

The diagrams in this paper are not necessarily drawn to scale.

Choose the best answer for each question.

Section A

$$1. \qquad \frac{6x}{(3x^{-5})^{-2}} =$$

- A. $54x^8$.
- $B. \qquad \frac{2x^8}{3} \ .$
- $C. \qquad \frac{54}{x^9} \ .$
- $D. \qquad \frac{2}{3x^9} \ .$

2. If
$$a(a+b) = 2(b-a)$$
, then $b =$

- A. $\frac{a^2+a}{2+a}$.
- $B. \qquad \frac{a^2 2a}{2 + a} \ .$
- $C. \qquad \frac{a^2 + 2a}{2 a} \ .$
- $D. \qquad \frac{a^2 a}{2 a} \ .$

$$3. \quad \frac{5}{4k+3} - \frac{2}{4k-3} =$$

- A. $\frac{12k-21}{16k^2-9}$.
 - B. $\frac{12k+9}{16k^2-9}$.
- C. $\frac{14k-21}{16k^2-9}$.
- D. $\frac{14k+9}{16k^2-9}$

4. (3a+2b)(4a-5b)-a(6a+4b)=

- A. (3a+2b)(2a-5b).
- B. (3a+2b)(6a-5b).
- C. (3a-2b)(2a+5b).
- D. (3a-2b)(6a+5b).

5. Let $f(x) = 3x^2 - x - 2$. If β is a constant, then $f(1+\beta) - f(1-\beta) =$

- A. 2β .
- B. 10β .
- C. $6\beta^2 2$.
- D. $6\beta^2-2\beta$.

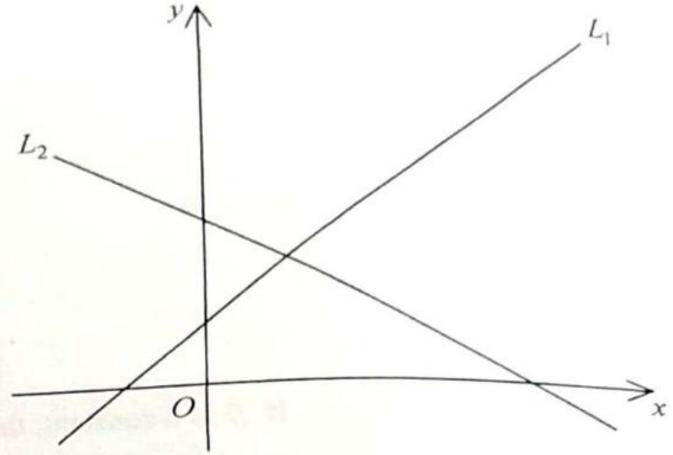
6. Let $g(x) = ax^3 + 4ax^2 - 24$, where a is a constant. If x + 2 is a factor of g(x), then g(2) =

- A. -96.
- B. 0.
- C. 3.
- D. 48.

7. If h and k are constants such that $(x+h)(x+6) \equiv (x+4)^2 + k$, then k =

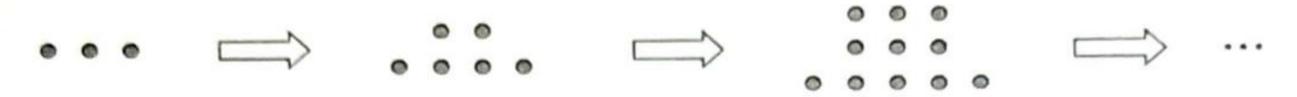
- A. -28.
- B. -16.
- C. -4.
- D. 2.

- 8. In the figure, the equations of the straight lines L_1 and L_2 are x+ay+b=0 and bx+y+c=0 respectively. Which of the following are true?
 - 1. c < 0
 - II. ab < 1
 - III. ac < b
 - A. I and II only
 - B. I and III only
 - C. II and III only
 - D. I, II and III

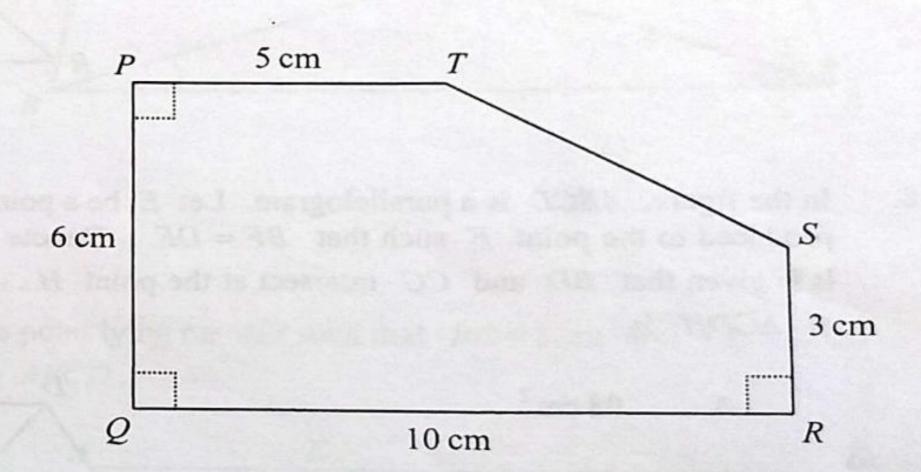


- 9. The cost of a toy is x% lower than its selling price. After selling the toy, the percentage profit is 25%. Find x.
 - A. 20
 - B. 25
 - C. 75
 - D. 80
- 10. The actual area of a golf course is $0.75\,\mathrm{km^2}$. If the area of the course on a map is $300\,\mathrm{cm^2}$, then the scale of the map is
 - A. 1:250.
 - B. 1:5000.
 - C. 1:62 500 .
 - D. 1:25 000 000 .
- It is given that w varies as the cube of u and the square root of v. When u=2 and v=4, w=8. When u=4 and v=9, w=
 - A. 96.
 - B. 324.
 - C. 384.
 - D. 729.

12. In the figure, the 1st pattern consists of 3 dots. For any positive integer n, the (n+1)th pattern is formed by adding (2n+1) dots to the nth pattern. Find the number of dots in the 7th pattern.

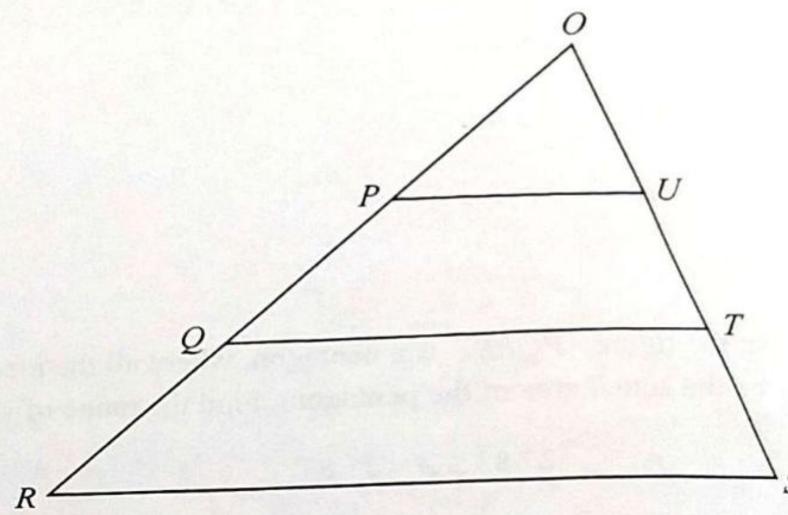


- A. 15
- B. 27
- C. 38
- D. 51
- 13. The solution of 5-4x < 9 and $\frac{2x-3}{7} > 1$ is
 - A. x < -1.
 - B. x > -1.
 - C. x < 5.
 - D. x > 5.
- In the figure, PQRST is a pentagon, where all the measurements are correct to the nearest cm. Let $A \text{ cm}^2$ be the actual area of the pentagon. Find the range of values of A.
 - A. $27.83 \le A < 31.83$
 - B. $44.75 \le A < 60.75$
 - C. $46.75 \le A < 63.25$
 - D. $48.25 \le A < 64.75$

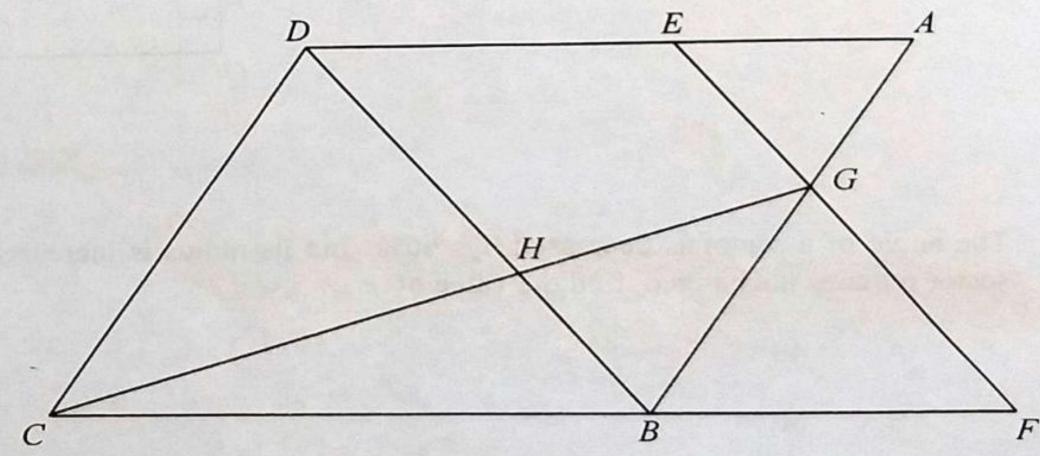


- 15. The angle of a sector is decreased by 60% but its radius is increased by k%. If the arc length of the sector remains unchanged, find the value of k.
 - A. 40
 - B. 60
 - C. 67
 - D. 150

- 16. If the volume of a right circular cylinder of base radius $5a\,\mathrm{cm}$ and height $7b\,\mathrm{cm}$ is $525\,\mathrm{cm}^3$, then the volume of a right circular cone of base radius $7a\,\mathrm{cm}$ and height $5b\,\mathrm{cm}$ is
 - A. 175 cm³.
 - B. 245 cm³.
 - C. 490 cm³.
 - D. 735 cm³.
- 17. In the figure, P and Q are points lying on OR while U and T are points lying on OS such that OP = PQ = QR and PU //QT //RS. The ratio of the area of the trapezium PQTU to the area of the trapezium QRST is
 - A. 1:2.
 - B. 2:3.
 - C. 3:5.
 - D. 4:9.



- 18. In the figure, ABCD is a parallelogram. Let E be a point lying on AD such that AE:ED=2:5. CB is produced to the point F such that BF=DE. Denote the point of intersection of AB and EF by G. It is given that BD and CG intersect at the point H. If the area of ΔAEG is $48 \, \mathrm{cm}^2$, then the area of ΔCDH is
 - A. $98 \, \text{cm}^2$.
 - B. $343 \, \text{cm}^2$.
 - C. 420 cm^2 .
 - D. $588 \, \text{cm}^2$.



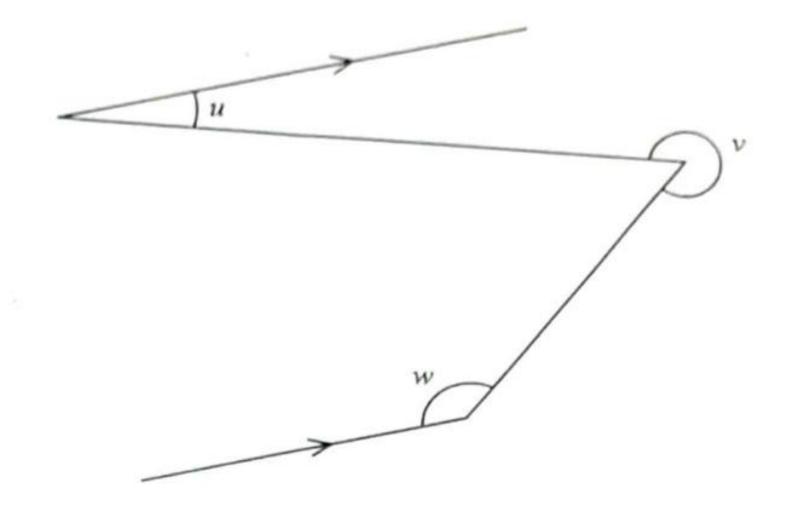
19. According to the figure, which of the following must be true?

$$I. \quad u - v + w = 0^{\circ}$$

II.
$$u + v - w = 180^{\circ}$$

III.
$$u + v + w = 450^{\circ}$$

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. I and III only
- D. II and III only



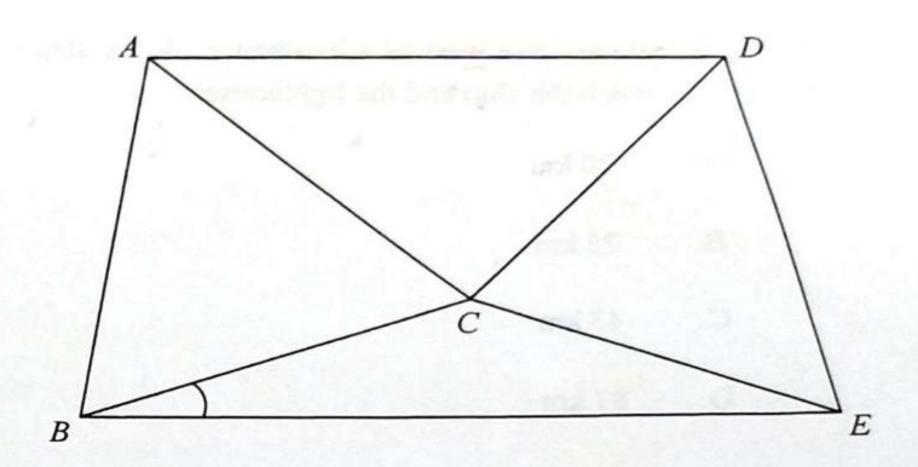
In the figure, ABC is an equilateral triangle and CDE is an isosceles triangle with CD = CE. If $\angle DCE = 78^{\circ}$ and $\angle ADC = \angle CAD = 40^{\circ}$, then $\angle CBE =$



B. 19°.

C. 24°.

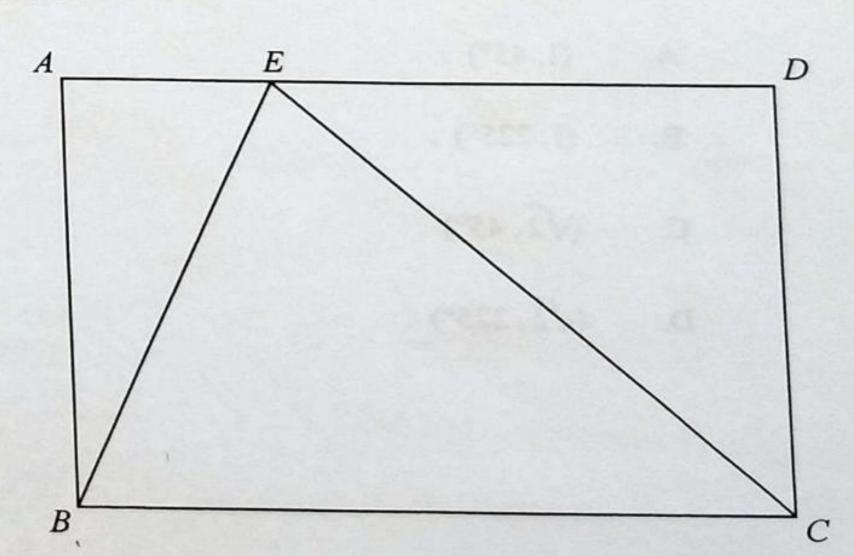
D. 29°.



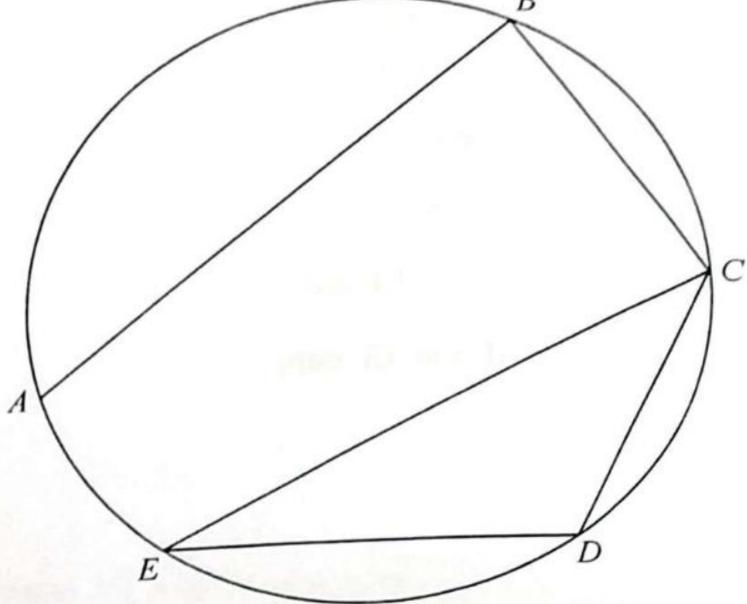
In the figure, ABCD is a rectangle. Let E be a point lying on AD such that BE = 8 cm and CE = 15 cm. If BC = 17 cm, find the area of the rectangle ABCD.

A.
$$60 \text{ cm}^2$$

C.
$$120 \text{ cm}^2$$



- In the figure, ABCDE is a circle. If $AB = 10 \, \text{cm}$, $BC = 5 \, \text{cm}$, $\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$ and $\angle CED = 40^{\circ}$, find CD correct to the nearest cm.
 - 5 cm A.
 - B. 6 cm
 - C. 7 cm
 - 8 cm D.

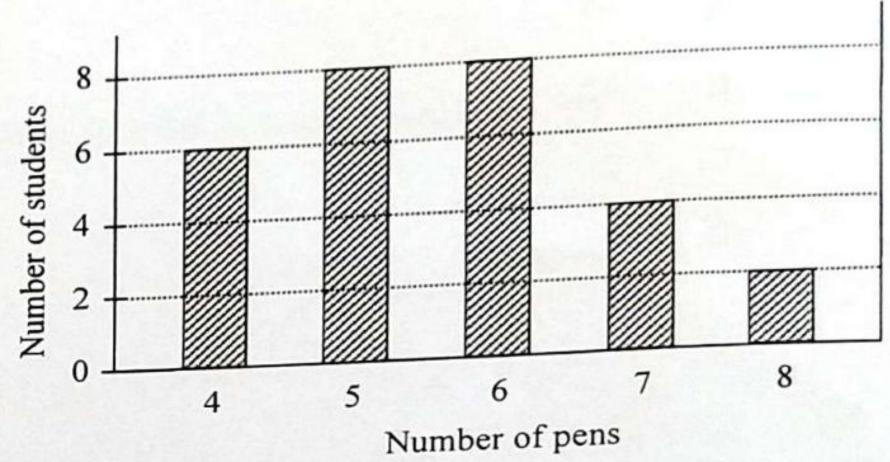


- A ship is 50 km due west of a lighthouse. If the ship moves in the direction S60°E, find the shortest 23. distance between the ship and the lighthouse.
 - 20 km A.
 - 25 km B.
 - 43 km C.
 - D. 87 km
- The point P is translated leftwards by 4 units to the point Q. If the coordinates of the reflection image 24. of Q with respect to the y-axis are (5,-1), then the polar coordinates of P are
 - $(1,45^{\circ})$. A.
 - B. $(1,225^{\circ})$.
 - C.
 - $(\sqrt{2}, 45^{\circ})$. $(\sqrt{2}, 225^{\circ})$. D.

- Let A be the point of intersection of the straight lines 9x + 4y 7 = 0 and 9x 4y + 7 = 0. If P is a moving point in the rectangular coordinate plane such that the distance between P and A is 8, then the locus of P is a
 - A. circle.
 - B. triangle.
 - C. quadrilateral.
 - D. regular hexagon.
- 26. The equation of the straight line L is kx+4y-2k=0, where k is a constant. If L is perpendicular to the straight line 6x-9y+4=0, find the y-intercept of L.
 - A. -3
 - B. -2
 - C. 2
 - D. 3

- The equations of the circles C_1 and C_2 are $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 4x + 8y 149 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 8x 20y 53 = 0$ respectively. Which of the following is/are true?
 - I. The centre of C_1 lies on C_2 .
 - II. The radii of C_1 and C_2 are equal.
 - III. C_1 and C_2 intersect at two distinct points.
 - A. I only
 - B. II only
 - C. I and III only
 - D. II and III only

- 28. Two numbers are randomly drawn at the same time from four cards numbered 3, 5, 7 and 9 respectively. Find the probability that the product of the numbers drawn is greater than 35.
 - A. $\frac{1}{2}$
 - B. $\frac{1}{3}$
 - C. $\frac{2}{3}$
 - D. $\frac{3}{8}$
- 29. The bar chart below shows the distribution of the numbers of pens owned by some students. Find the inter-quartile range of the distribution.
 - A. 1
 - B. 2
 - C. 4
 - D. 6



- 30. Consider the following integers:
 - 3
- 3
- 8
- 8

10

- 12
- m
- n

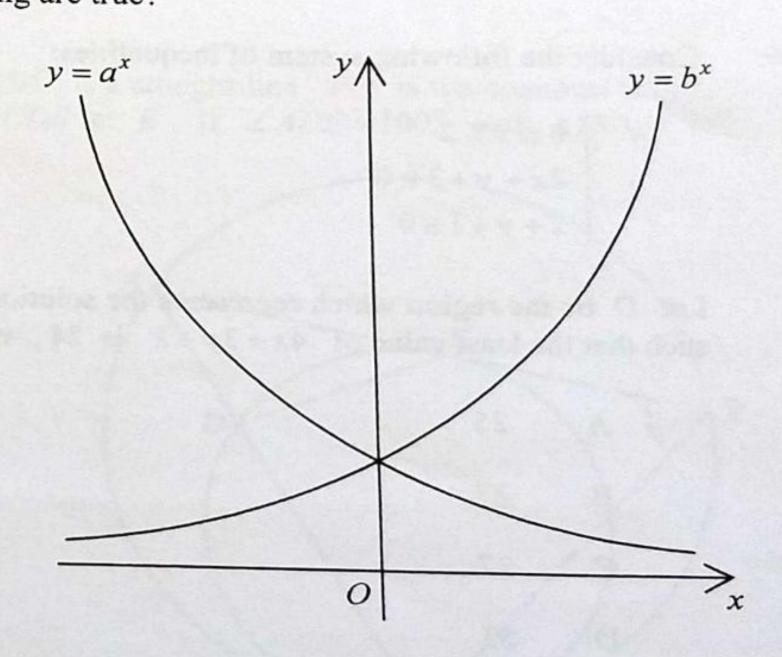
Let x, y and z be the median, the mean and the mode of the above integers respectively. If the range of the above integers is 9, which of the following must be true?

8

- I. x = 8
- II. y = 8
- III. z = 8
 - A. I only
 - B. II only
 - C. I and III only
 - D. II and III only

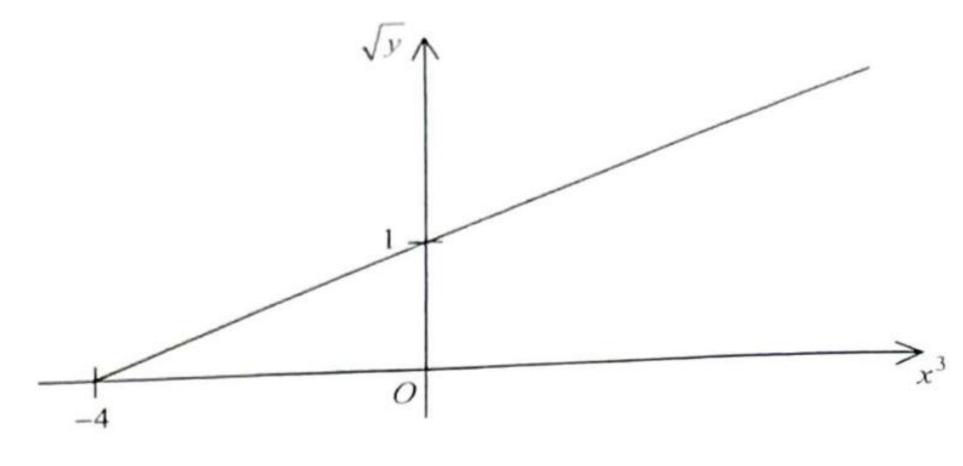
Section B

- - A. $10 \times 2^{60} + 48$.
 - B. $11 \times 2^{60} + 48$.
 - C. $10 \times 2^{64} + 768$.
 - D. $11 \times 2^{64} + 768$.
- 32. If the roots of the equation $(\log_{\pi} x)^2 10\log_{\pi} x + 24 = \log_{\pi} x$ are α and β , then $\alpha\beta =$
 - A. π^{10} .
 - B. π^{11} .
 - C. $\log_{\pi} 10$.
 - D. $\log_{\pi} 11$.
- 33. The figure shows the graph of $y = a^x$ and the graph of $y = b^x$ on the same rectangular coordinate system, where a and b are positive constants. If the graph of $y = a^x$ is the reflection image of the graph of $y = b^x$ with respect to the y-axis, which of the following are true?
 - I. a < 1
 - II. b > 1
 - III. ab = 1
 - A. I and II only
 - B. I and III only
 - C. II and III only
 - D. I, II and III



34. The graph in the figure shows the linear relation between x^3 and \sqrt{y} . If x=2, then y=





35. If a > 0, which of the following are arithmetic sequences?

I.
$$\log a^{-3}$$
, $\log a$, $\log a^5$

II.
$$8-4a, 9-5a, 10-6a$$

III.
$$\cos(90 - a)^{\circ}, \cos 90^{\circ}, \cos(90 + a)^{\circ}$$

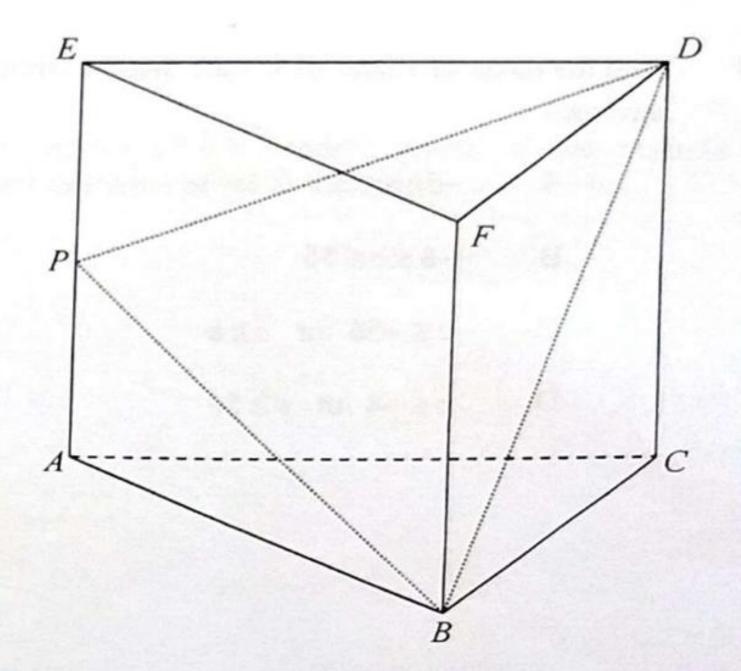
36. Consider the following system of inequalities:

$$\begin{cases} 0 \le x \le 2 \\ 2x + y + 3 \ge 0 \\ x + y + 1 \le 0 \end{cases}$$

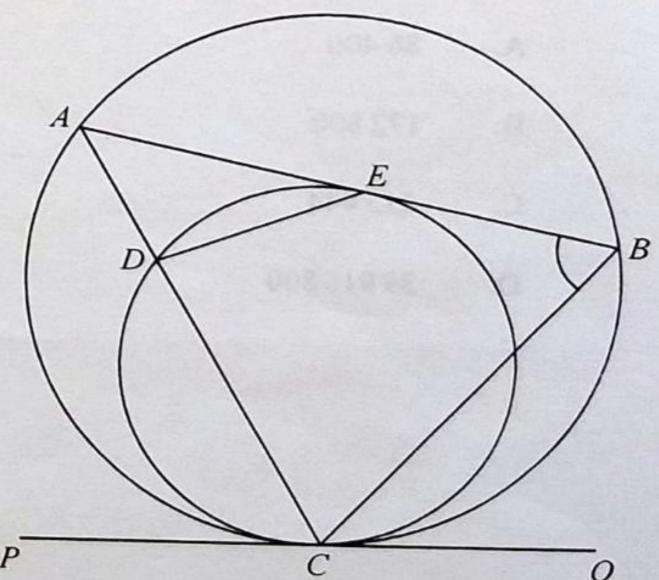
Let D be the region which represents the solution of the above system of inequalities. Find the constant k such that the least value of 4x + 3y + k is 24, where (x, y) is a point lying in D.

53

- Define $z_1 = \frac{2+ki}{1+i}$ and $z_2 = \frac{k+5i}{2-i}$, where k is a real number. If the imaginary part of z_1 is equal to the imaginary part of z_2 , then $z_1 z_2 =$
 - A. -20 .
 - B. 0.
 - C. 3.
 - D. 10.
- In the figure, ABCDEF is a right triangular prism. P is a point lying on AE. If AB = AC = 12 cm, AP = 9 cm, EP = 5 cm and BD = 2k cm, find the area of ΔBDP .
 - A. $\sqrt{(k^2-1)(196-k^2)}$ cm²
 - B. $\sqrt{(k^2-1)(196+k^2)}$ cm²
 - C. $\sqrt{(k^2+1)(196-k^2)}$ cm²
 - D. $\sqrt{(k^2+1)(196+k^2)}$ cm²



- In the figure, ABC and CDE are circles such that ADC is a straight line. PQ is the common tangent to the two circles at C. AB is the tangent to the circle CDE at E. If $\angle ADE = 100^{\circ}$ and $\angle BCQ = 35^{\circ}$, then $\angle ABC =$
 - A. 55°.
 - B. 65°.
 - C. 70°.
 - D. 80°.



- The equations of the three sides of a triangle are 4x+3y=24, 4x-3y=24 and x=a, where a is a constant. If the x-coordinate of the in-centre of the triangle is 31, then a=
 - A. 15.
 - B. 31.
 - C. 45.
 - D. 51.

- Find the range of values of c such that the circle $x^2 + y^2 6x + cy 7 = 0$ and the straight line x y + 9 = 0 intersect.
 - A. $-56 \le c \le 8$
 - B. $-8 \le c \le 56$
 - C. $c \le -56$ or $c \ge 8$
 - D. $c \le -8$ or $c \ge 56$

- 42. A queue is formed by 6 boys and 5 girls. If no boys are next to each other, how many different queues can be formed?
 - A. 86 400
 - B. 172 800
 - C. 213 444
 - D. 39916800

- There are 8 Chinese books and 7 English books in a box. If 5 books are randomly chosen from the box at the same time, find the probability that at most 3 Chinese books are chosen.
 - A. $\frac{2}{11}$
 - B. $\frac{9}{11}$
 - C. $\frac{61}{143}$
 - D. $\frac{82}{143}$

- In a test, the difference of the test scores and the difference of the standard scores of two students are 30 marks and 6 respectively. In the test, the standard deviation of the test scores is
 - A. 5 marks.
 - B. 24 marks.
 - C. 25 marks.
 - D. 36 marks.

- 45. The variance of the six numbers 20a+3, 20a+5, 20a+9, 20a+11, 20a+15 and 20a+17 is
 - A. 5.
 - B. 10.
 - C. 25.
 - D. 20a + 25.

END OF PAPER