

Candidates' performance

Module 1

Section A

| Question Number     | Performance in General   |
|---------------------|--|
| 1 (a)<br>(b)        | Very good. A minority of candidates, however, did not simplify the results obtained.<br>Very good. A minority of candidates, however, did not reject the negative root $\frac{-8}{3}$ .  |
| 2                   | Fair. Many candidates failed to find a suitable substitution or did wrong calculation in substitution. Some found the value of the flat at the beginning of 2014 instead of the percentage change.   |
| 3 (a)<br>(b)        | Very good.<br>Very good. Candidates performed well in plotting graphs, but a small number of them did not use the plotting to estimate the values of $a$ and $k$ .   |
| 4 (a)<br>(b)        | Good. Some candidates wrote $\sqrt[3]{\frac{3x-1}{x-2}} = \left(\frac{3x-1}{x-2}\right)^{3/2}$ . Some did not use logarithmic differentiation.<br>Fair. Some candidates did not use the result in (a). Some wrote $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2$ ,<br>$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{1}{y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}\right) = -y^{-2} \frac{dy}{dx}$ or $\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{1}{y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}\right) = \frac{1}{y} \cdot \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{1}{y^2} \frac{dy}{dx}$ . |
| 5 (a)<br>(b)<br>(c) | Satisfactory. Some candidates omitted the constant of integration or wrote $\int e^{2x} dx = 2e^{2x} + C$ while others mixed $S$ with $L$ .<br>Satisfactory. Some candidates treated $e^{2x}$ as the slope of $L$ and wrote $y = e^{2x} + 1$ as the equation of $L$ .<br>Poor. Some candidates regarded $y = e^{2x}$ as the equation of $S$ .  |
| 6 (a)<br>(b)        | Good. Some candidates failed to perform the standardisation related to the distribution of a sample mean correctly.<br>Satisfactory. Many candidates found the sample proportion but failed to find the confidence interval required.  |
| 7 (a)<br>(b)<br>(c) | Excellent.<br>Very good.<br>Poor. A few candidates used the Poisson distribution with mean $2\lambda$ . Many failed to consider all the events related to the required probability when using the Poisson distribution with mean $\lambda$ .   |
| 8 (a)<br>(b)        | Excellent.<br>Satisfactory. Quite a number of candidates did not understand the concept of independence — some calculated $P(F \cap G)$ using $P(F) \times P(G)$ and some mixed up independent events with mutually exclusive events.  |
| 9 (a)<br>(b)<br>(c) | Good. Nevertheless, some candidates did not figure out that the required probability was $0.73 P(X \geq 43) + 0.27 P(Y \geq 43)$ , and some failed to use the standard normal distribution table.<br>Satisfactory. Many candidates were able to apply the correct method, although some got wrong numerical answers.<br>Fair. Some candidates wrote a binomial probability but did not use the result of (b).  |

Section B

| Question Number                       | Performance in General  |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| 10 (a) (i)<br>(ii)<br>(b)<br>(c)      | Good. Many candidates applied the trapezoidal rule correctly.<br>Poor. Many candidates used $\frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{-1}{t^2} \frac{-t}{e^2}\right)$ instead of $\frac{d^2}{dt^2}\left(\frac{-1}{t^2} \frac{-t}{e^2}\right)$ to determine whether the estimate in (i) is an over-estimate or under-estimate.<br>Fair. Many candidates used wrong substitutions.<br>Very poor. Only a few candidates attempted this part. Among them, some wrote $I \approx 0.692913377$ instead of $I < 0.692913377$ .  |
| 11 (a)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(d)           | A common mistake was to mix up $R$ with $\frac{dR}{dt}$ .<br>Fair. However, many candidates knew that maximum intensity implied $\frac{dR}{dt} = 0$<br>Poor. Some candidates were not able to choose a suitable substitution to solve for $R$ , while others did not go on after substitution or made careless mistakes in further calculations.<br>Very poor. A common mistake was $R _{t=41} - R _{t=40} = \ln \frac{61}{50}$ .<br>Very poor. Only a few candidates attempted this part. Among them, some forgot to square the denominator when applying quotient rule to calculate $\frac{d^2R}{dt^2}$ . |
| 12 (a) (i)<br>(ii)<br>(b) (i)<br>(ii) | Good. However, some candidates used the standard deviation of the sample instead of the population, used values other than 1.645, or interchanged the upper and lower confidence limits.<br>Fair. B sides mistakes similar to (i), many candidates did not write the width of the confidence interval correctly or failed to solve inequalities.<br>Good. Most candidates were able to express the probability of the mentioned event, but some failed in the standardisation of normal distributions.<br>Satisfactory. Binomial coefficients were omitted or written wrongly by some candidates.           |
| 13 (a)<br>(b)<br>(c) (i)<br>(ii)      | Excellent. However, a small number of candidates forgot the formula of Poisson probabilities.<br>Satisfactory. Some candidates failed to write all the terms needed in the numerator.<br>Satisfactory. Many candidates were able to apply the correct method, although some got wrong numerical answers.<br>Poor. Most candidates failed to identify all the events related to the probability required and some even used 4.6 instead of 2.3 as the mean of the Poisson distribution.  |

General comments and recommendations

- Candidates should be more careful when writing notations and performing calculations.
- Candidates should not write 'ln' as 'In' for natural logarithm.
- Candidates should pay more attention to the accuracy required for final answers.